

2024

SOCIOLOGY

(Theory)

Full Marks : 100

Pass Marks : 33

Time : Three hours

All the questions are compulsory.

The figures in the right margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer Question Nos. 1 to 4 in about 150 words each.

1. Explain the Malthusian theory of Population Growth. 8
2. Explain the question of Tribal Identity in present India. 8
3. Analyse the impact of land reforms after independence in India. 8
4. Describe the beginnings of modern mass media. 8

Answer Question Nos. 5 to 12 in about 60 words each.

5. Describe the importance of Community Identity. 4
6. Analyse the sociological concept of minority group. 4
7. Describe the concept of inequality. 4
8. 'The caste system is a discriminating system'. Do you agree? Justify. 4
9. Explain the efforts of the early reformists on the issue of Indian women. 4
10. Do you agree that disability is as much a social as well as a physical thing? Justify. 4

11. Explain westernisation as a process of social change in India. 4
12. Explain the significance of the 73rd and 74th amendments to the constitution of India. 4

Answer Question Nos. 13 to 22 in about 30 words each.

13. Why has the mortality rate fallen in India in the recent decades? Explain. 2
14. Compare patrilineal type of societies with that of matrilineal type of societies. 2
15. Analyse modernisation as a process of cultural change. 2
16. Explain in what way has globalisation influenced the Indian culture. 2
17. Analyse the Indian concept of secularism. 2
18. "Chipko movement is considered as an important social movement". Explain. 2
19. Analyse political parties as an integral part of democracy. 2
20. Analyse the concept of participatory democracy. 2
21. Describe the main concerns in women's movements in India during the 1970s. 2
22. Describe the reformist social movement. 2

Answer Question Nos. 23 to 30 should be limited to one complete sentence each.

23. What are interest groups? 1
24. Name one of the wide spread aspect of globalisation in agriculture. 1

25. Who are the 'dalits'? 1
26. Who founded the first trade union in India? 1
27. When did the foreigners' permit system abolish in Manipur? 1
28. Explain the psychological conception of ethnicity. 1
29. What does AIDS stand for? 1
30. When did the Manipur government launch "Nisha Thadoklasi"
(let's stop using intoxicants) campaign? 1

Answer Question Nos. 31 to 38 each by writing the letter indicating the correct answer.

31. In India, the Constituent Assembly was formed for the first time in ____ 1
- (a) 1946 (b) 1942
- (c) 1945 (d) 1940
32. Which of the following is true of the Zamindari system? 1
- (a) It was abolished during the British rule in India.
- (b) It was abolished soon after Independence.
- (c) It was abolished after the introduction of Liberalisation policy.
- (d) It still exists.
33. Sarojini Naidu became the president of the Congress party in ____ 1
- (a) 1928 (b) 1935
- (c) 1925 (d) 1930

34. Manipur became a Union territory in ____ 1
- (a) 1949 (b) 1956
- (c) 1950 (d) 1947
35. ____ was elected to the 5th State Assembly as the first woman legislature in Manipur. 1
- (a) K. Apabi Devi (b) Mrs. Hangmi Shaiza
- (c) Kim Gangte (d) W. Leima Devi
36. HIV infection in India was first detected in ____ 1
- (a) Delhi (b) Manipur
- (c) Chennai (Madras) (d) Mumbai
37. The Manipur state AIDS control society (MACS) was formed in ____ 1
- (a) 1999 (b) 1990
- (c) 1998 (d) 1989
38. Coalition against Drugs and Alcohol (CADA) was established in ____ 1
- (a) 2002 (b) 2006
- (c) 2010 (d) 1992
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